

PERFORMANCE HISTORY

April 5, 2024 - Performance at Sender, Zurich

October 14, 2023, 404 Festival, National Arts Center, Mexico City

August 30, 2023, The Glass Room, Edinburgh Napier, Audio-Mostly 2023 (winner of Best Music Performance)

November 6, 2022, Iklectik London, <u>Live Visuals Book Launch Afterparty</u> (Premiere)

August 24, 2022, May 9, 2023, September 6, 2023, Northern Dance Newcastle (Live Shoot Performances)





CONCEPTUAL SUMMARY

1. Overview

VRitual AV uses the Leap Motion and an iPad to enable small-area gestural control of audio-visuals. It uses as few technological resources as possible in a limited spatial area.

2. Performance Aims

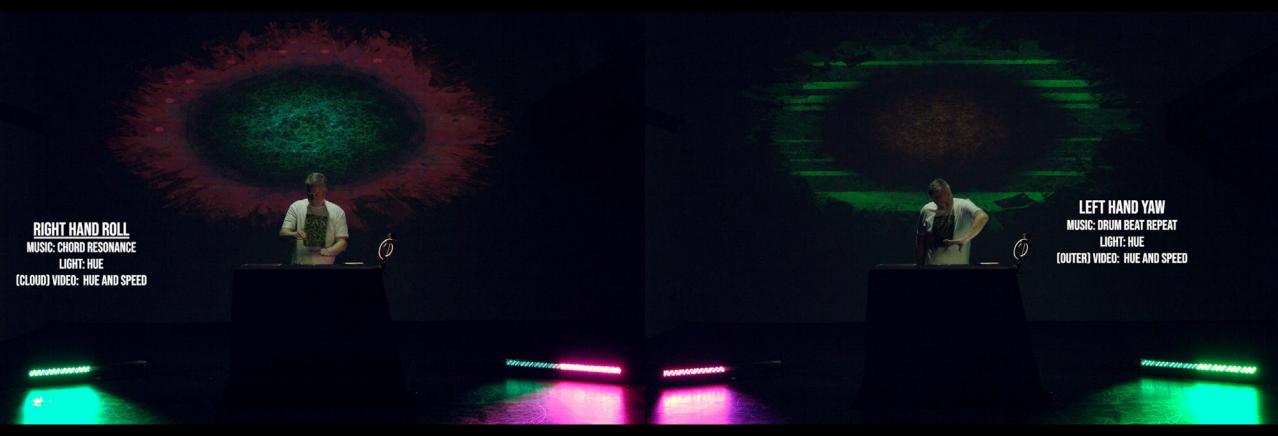
The key aim is to create a tactile micro interface that is easy to use and is easy to transport. The interface is a solution for older body-based performers who may physically struggle with larger-area interaction.

A secondary aim is to provide a model for gestural control of mixed media in a single form that is repeatable, but complex enough for genuine expert performance.



SYNESTHETIC INTERFACES

"VRitual AV builds on my previous work in synesthetic interfaces... In short, the gestural actions have matched audio and light response that are both repeatable and logical (i.e., hand height to music note and light hue), while at the same time the number of gestural interactions is substantive enough to make the interface complex enough for a genuinely satisfying performance by an expert performer. The deliberately introduced possibility of error via multiple related gestures and a lack of melodic quantization... creates a performance tension that enhances the liveness of the digital performance experience. In VRitual AV the performer can caress audio-visuals in real-time, creating a mixed-media experience out of thin air." (Gibson, 2023)



SOUND AND VISUALS

VRItual AV deliberately diverges from much live audio-visual work in which the performer sits behind a desk and controls audio-visuals by interacting with a traditional computer interface. The computer is deliberately hidden, and the interface is the contained within the gestural actions and movements of the performer's body.

VRitual AV consists of four sound and video sub-pieces in different audio-visual styles. Improvisation using the Leap Motion and the iPad allows for spontaneous performance variations. The sound of VRitual AV is deeply steeped in the history of electronic music, with influences from the Berlin-school of electronic music (Tangerine Dream), 90s idm (Aphex Twin), and newer forms of experimental electronica (Son Lux).

A key element of the sound of *VRitual AV* is the "liveness" aspect of the performance. The melodies are played in real-time, and the effects are added and manipulated according to the likes of the performer. Due to this liveness a tension is created, as the audience can see and hear the results of my gestural actions, and I am aware that errors are possible.



SOUND AND VISUALS

The visual world of *VRitual AV* is informed by my interest in synesthesia (see Gibson, 2013). All visuals and lights have matching colours as well as matching effects related to the audio interactions.

The visual element is produced within MadMapper, and apart from videos matched to the occasional vocal and film sound samples, I have deliberately used my variations on default Mad Mapper Materials. The LED lights are programmed in LightKey and are matched precisely to particular audio-visual effects.

The visual world is therefore primarily abstract, with the interest lying in how the dynamic control with the Leap Motion shows corresponding movement in the visuals and lights that is similar to that in the music.

TouchOSC Bridge Fip F 7 d E

VirtualAV-spaced-screens-P1 - MadMapper 5.2.0

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Top Over: MadMapper interface for one of the sub-pieces

Bottom Over: MadMapper Screen output

PERFORMANCE CHALLENGE

The key imperative for *VRitual AV* is to explore how complex audio-visual interaction can be achieved in the most unobtrusive interface. The goals are both design-related and performance-based:

- 1. The system is designed to be as invisible as possible. This is realized by using the smallest devices available.
- 2. For the sake of performance legibility, it is essential that the performance technique be transparent.
- 3. It is crucial that the performance is perceptively "live." For this to be the case gesture and touch is defined very precisely so that connections to audio-visuals can be easily perceived by the audience.



METHODS & PROCESSES

VRitual AV makes use of the Leap Motion as its primary interface.

The gestural interaction was programmed in <u>Glover</u> and the project also uses <u>TouchOSC</u> on the iPad to enable multi-touch control of audiovisuals.

The audio was created in <u>Ableton Live</u>, <u>MadMapper</u> was used for the visuals, and <u>LightKey</u> was used for the lights.





The three performance devices as seen through a chest-mounted GoPro camera

Left: Steve Gibson performs in his home studio with Launchpad Mini, the Leap Motion and the iPad Right: The Glover Gestural Mapping Interface and The Leap Motion Camera View showing the position of my tracked hands



DISSEMINATION

Project website: https://www.telebody.ws/VRitual-AV/VRitual-AV.html

A full showcase with a variety of videos using the Leap Motion and various tablet interfaces is available at

https://vimeo.com/showcase/9966326

A useful starting point is this video which describes all gestural interactions on screen as they occur: https://vimeo.com/831244287

The audio for all three tracks is at https://soundcloud.com/steve-gibson-101/sets/vritual-av

The piece was premiered at IKLECTIK in London:

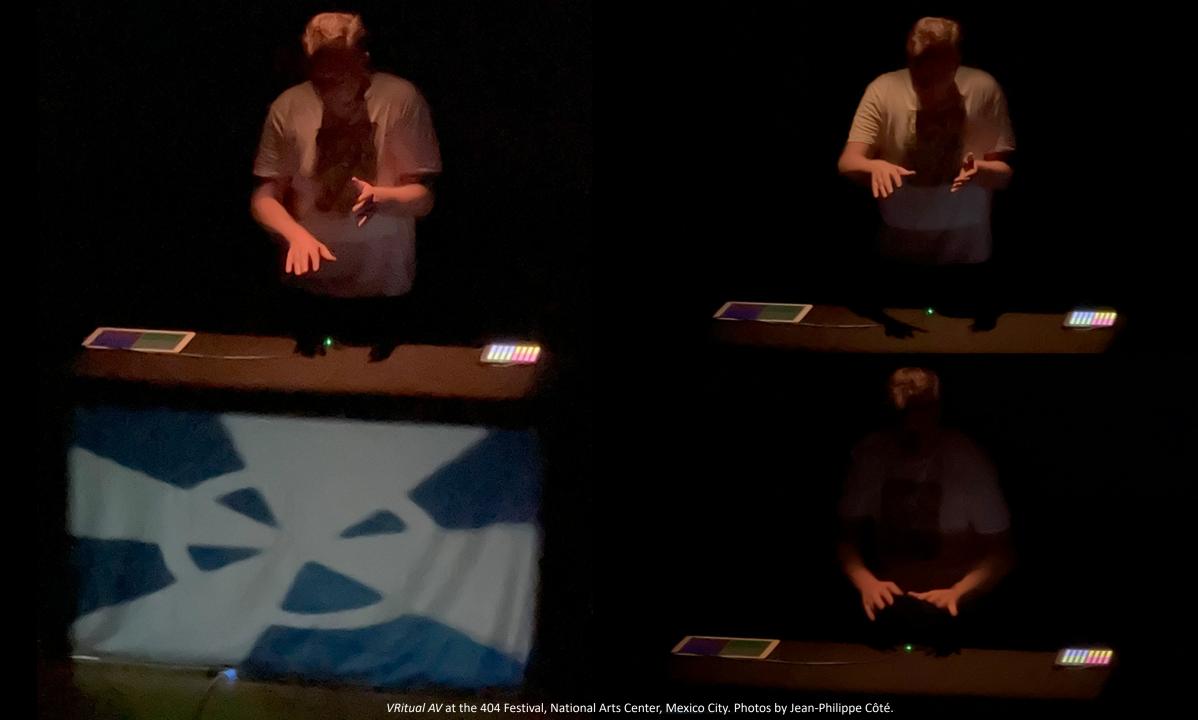
https://iklectikartlab.com/live-visuals-book-launch-afterparty/

The piece won Best Music Performance at AudioMostly 23 in Edinburgh: https://audiomostly.com/2023/program/awards/

A paper about *VRitual AV was* published by Virtual Creativity (in 2023) as part of the proceedings from the Extended Senses Symposium: https://intellectdiscover.com/content/journals/10.1386/vcr 00062 1













REFERENCES

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